**Alaskan glacier buttercup**  

**Distribution:** Endemic to the Kigluaik Mountains of the Seward Peninsula.

**Habitat:** Sparsely vegetated high-alpine rubble slopes and screees from 900 - 3,000 ft. elevation. Found on steep non-carbonate slopes with shattered, platey, shale-like or schistose rock; commonly associated with *Papaver mcconellii* (= *P. denalii*), *Oxytropis bryophila*, *Minuartia arctica*, and *Carex microchaeta*.

**Similar Species:** Similar to *B. camissonis* (Sclecht.) Tolm. (= *Ranunculus glacialis* ssp. *camissonis*) which is found in moist to wet tundra and disturbed seeps, and which usually has more slender and erect stems, solitary flowers, and basal leaves that are once ternate, upward-directed, and with narrower segments.

**Notes:** Flowering late June and July. Most American authors treat *Beckwithia* within the genus *Ranunculus*. If treated this way, *B. glacialis* ssp. *alaskensis* would become a subspecies of *R. glacialis* L.

**References:** Yurtsev, Murray, and Kelso, in prep.
Closeup of Beckwithia glacialis
photo by R.Lipkin

Beckwithia glacialis habitat
photo by R.Lipkin