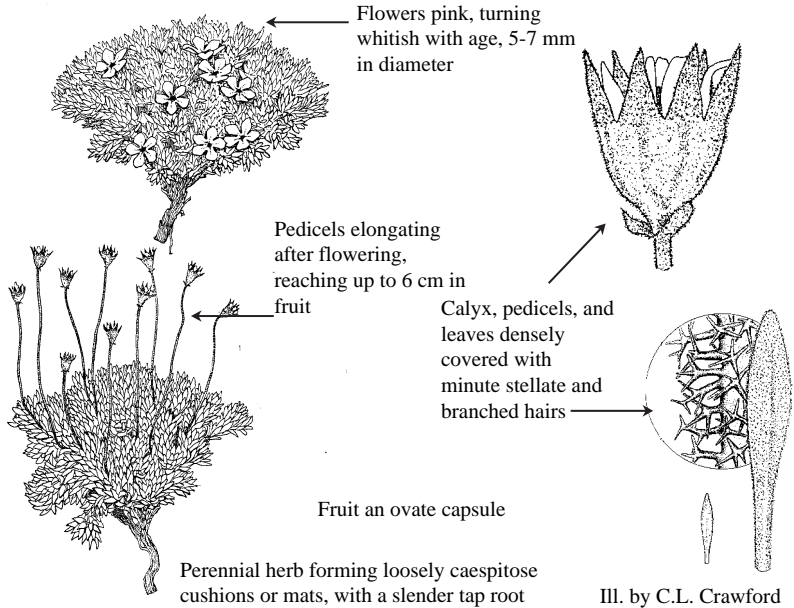


## Bering Sea douglasia

*Douglasia beringensis*  
S. Kelso, Jurtsev & D. F. Murray



## Primulaceae

**Distribution:** Endemic to the north-central Seward Peninsula Nulato Hills, and the Kokrines Hills of western Alaska.

**Habitat:** Mountain summits, 1,000 - 1,800 ft. elevation, commonly associated with *Saxifraga reflexa*, *Draba palanderiana*, and *Poa glauca*. Often on limestone (Seward Peninsula).

**Similar Species:** Distinguished from other douglasias by the dense, stellate pubescence of its leaves and calyx. *D. arctica* Hook. and *D. ochotensis* (Willd.) Hultén have leaves that are glabrous above or with only simple marginal hairs; *D. gormanii* Constance has forked or branched hairs on the apex and margins of its leaves and a glabrous calyx. Superficially similar to *Silene acaulis* L., which has glabrous or ciliate leaves and a glabrous calyx.

**Notes:** Flowering mid-late June.

**References:** Kelso, Yurtsev, and Murray, 1994.



*Closeup of Douglasia beringensis*  
*photo by Rob Lipkin*



*Douglasia beringensis* habitat      *photo by Rob Lipkin*

